

## DATA SHEET

### eFISHETV6 Dual Color break Apart probe

#### Catalog No.

**FP083-10XE-100µl- 10 test**

**FP083-20XE -200µl- 20 test**

Doc No: 932-FP083E Rev: E

Date of Release: 11-Jul-2024

Material Provided: One vial of eFISH probe in hybridization buffer (RTU).

#### Recommended detection system (Not supplied):

Either of the following detection systems is recommended depending on the automation/manual platform used:

eFISH Kit	Cat #	Description
eFISH Histo	DF-500-20XE	Automation
eFISH Cyto	DF-510-20XE	Automation

#### Intended Use:

The eFISH BioGenex ETV6 Dual Color Break Apart Probe is designed to be used for the detection of translocations involving the ETV6 gene at 12p13.2 in formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue or cells by fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH).

eFISH BioGenex ETV6 Dual Color Break Apart Probe in hybridization buffer. The probe contains green-labeled polynucleotides (Green: excitation at 503 nm and emission at 528 nm, similar to FITC), which target sequences mapping in 12p13.2 proximal to the ETV6 gene, and orange-labeled polynucleotides (Orange: excitation at 547 nm and emission at 572 nm, similar to rhodamine), which target sequences mapping in 12p13.2 distal to the ETV6 gene.

#### Summary and Explanation

Fluorescence *in situ* hybridization (FISH) is a robust technique of cytogenetic used for the detection of chromosomal aberrations, presence or absence of specific DNA sequence in native context. In this technique fluorescent probes bind to the target sequence of DNA in chromosome. High specificity and sensitivity coupled rapid and an accurate result has proven role of FISH in both research and diagnosis of solid tumor and hematological malignancies. As technique of cancer cytogenetics, FISH, can be used to identify genetic aberrations viz., deletions, amplification and translocation in tissue sections or within

individual cells. FISH is also used for use in genetic counseling, medicine, and species identification. FISH can also be used to detect and localize specific RNA targets in cells, circulating tumor cells, and tissue samples<sup>1,2,3,4,5</sup>.

In FISH procedure, fixed tissue sections are pretreated to expose target DNA or mRNA sequences. An appropriately labeled probe is hybridized to the exposed target DNA or mRNA sequences in the cells. Subsequent stringent washing steps remove any probe that is non-specifically bound to the tissue section. Subsequently slides are mounted using DAPI/antifade and can be visualized under fluorescence microscope using appropriate filter set.

#### Principles of the Procedure

*In Situ* hybridization (ISH) allows the detection and localization of definitive nucleic acid sequences directly within a cell or tissue. High specificity is ensured through the action of annealing of fluorescence probe nucleic acid sequence to complementary target nucleic acid sequence. ISH techniques can be used to identify genetic aberrations like deletions, amplification, and translocation in tissue sections or within individual cells.

#### Storage and Handling

The BioGenex eFISH BioGenex ETV6 Dual Color Break Apart Probe must be stored at 2-8°C protected from light and is stable through the expiry date printed on the label.

#### Specimen Collection and Slide Preparation

Tissues fixed in 10% (v/v) formalin are suitable for use prior to paraffin embedding and sectioning.

#### FISH Staining procedure

- The BioGenex eFISH probes are supplied in hybridization buffer and used without further dilution.
- Protocol:

Please refer to the eFISH probe specific instruction/protocol for automated or semi-automated FISH processing platform (Xmatrx®-Infinity, Xmatrx®-Nano and Xmatrx®-mini).

Further processing, such as washing and counter-staining, can be completed according to the user's needs. For a particularly user-friendly performance, we recommend the use of a BioGenex eFISH kit.

**Disclaimer:** The above information is provided for reference only. Each end-user is

responsible for developing and validating optimal testing conditions for use with this product.

### Troubleshooting

Contact BioGenex Technical Service Department at **1-800-421-4149** or your local **distributor** to report unusual staining.

### Expected Results

The BioGenex FISH ETV6 Dual Color Break Apart Probe is a mixture of two direct labeled probes hybridizing to the 12p13.2 band. The green fluorochrome direct labeled probe hybridizes proximal and the orange fluorochrome direct labeled probe hybridizes distal to the ETV6 gene.

In an interphase nucleus lacking a translocation involving the 12p13.2 band, two orange/green fusion signals are expected representing two normal (non-rearranged) 12p13.2 loci. A signal pattern consisting of one orange/green fusion signal, one orange signal, and a separate green signal indicates one normal 12p13.2 locus and one 12p13.2 locus affected by a translocation.

Care should be taken not to evaluate overlapping cells, in order to avoid false results, e.g. an amplification of genes. Due to decondensed chromatin, single FISH signals can appear as small signal clusters. Thus, two or three signals of the same size, separated by a distance equal to or less than the diameter of one signal, should be counted as one signal.

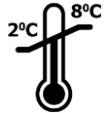
### Limitations of the Procedure

Correct treatment of tissues prior to and during fixation, embedding, and sectioning is important for obtaining optimal results. Inconsistent results may be due to variations in tissue processing, as well as inherent variations in tissue. The results from *in situ* hybridization must be correlated with other laboratory findings.

### Bibliography

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5. O'Connor, C. (2008). *Nature Education* 1(1):171.
6. Joshua Weaver, Erinn Downs-Kelly, John R Goldblum, Sondra Turner, Sucheta Kulkarni, Raymond R Tubbs, Brian P Rubin and Marek Skacel. (2008). *Modern Pathology*, **21**, 943-949
7. Hiroaki Kimura, Yoh Dobashi, Takayuki Nojima, Hiroyuki Nakamura, Norio Yamamoto, Hiroyuki Tsuchiya, Hiroko Ikeda, Seiko Sawada-Kitamura, Takeru Oyama, Akishi Ooi (2013). *Int J Clin Exp Pathol* 6(7):1306-1316

	Temperature Limitation	<b>IVD</b>	In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Device
	Use By Date	<b>LOT</b>	Batch Code
	Non-Sterile		Consult Instructions for Use
<b>EC REP</b>	Representative in the European Community		Manufacturer